Open doors

Astronautics and Planetarium

The planetarium is a special feature with live bees who are located in the special three glass-walled hives. From the hives there leads a protected Plexiglas passage, which allows the bees to freely leave the museum and feed outside the museum. In this way the bees are able to fly and pollinate the flowers around the museum. This is a special feature that allows for a unique experience of the natural world. The bees are able to pollinate the flowers around the museum and contribute to the beauty of the surrounding environment.

The EdukaEnergiana library section forms a separate part. In this section, visitors can find information about renewable energy sources and energy efficiency. The section includes a display of the electrical consumption of standard household appliances. There is also a display of the electrical consumption of solar-powered hot-water systems and wind power plants. Visitors can learn about the importance of efficient energy consumption and the ways in which they can reduce their energy usage.

The department and info centre of renewable energy sources and energy efficiency

This department is dedicated to the village of the land through tree leaves season, digging majestic oaks (from sprouts and sprouts) and creating and using dyes (from sprouts and prunings). Tools for the cultivation of the land, such as hoes for manual tillage, were also used. The development of tools for animal-drawn tillage of the soil is also shown with ploughshares and ploughs.

The past and present of energy efficiency are connected by a special exhibition. Here visitors can see a scale model of the first passive house and a model of a solar-powered hot-water system. The department also includes a display of the electrical consumption of standard household appliances.

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High-lighted in the department are a variety of engines from 1911 from the estate of the Zagreb architect in fictitious Zagreb, the concept car manufactured by Maserati in 1947 from the Trener Zagreb, the model of the 1949 trench infan tetry engine of the French company, and the example on show at the turn of the 20th and 21st centuries. The highlights are the Nikola Tesla demonstration laboratory, which is named the Tesla coil. The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) established the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, which is the Tesla Society, and a further 125 in 25 other countries worldwide. Nikola Tesla made 112 patent applications to the Patent Office in the USA, and a further 125 in 25 other countries worldwide. Tesla’s life and work in America, and his decorations and awards.

Visitors can enjoy the multimedia exhibits when the experiments of a rotating magnetic field, Tesla’s high frequency currents and wireless transmission of electromagnetic vibrations, his experiments with a rotating magnetic field, Tesla’s high frequency currents and wireless transmission of electromagnetic vibrations, and his work in the field of electromagnetic waves. Tesla is one of the greatest scientists and inventors of the 20th century, and his work in the field of electromagnetic waves led to the development of radio technology and wireless communication. Tesla’s work in the field of electromagnetic waves was based on the principles of the Tesla coil, which is a device for the conversion of electrical energy into electromagnetic waves, and a device for the conversion of electrical energy into electromagnetic waves.